

Drywall Questions 2

1. What is one advantage of wetsanding?
2. What type of drywall do you use for an archway?
3. Why do seams crack during taping process?
4. If tape is not properly embedded in the compound, it can come loose and raise a _____
5. A _____ grit sandpaper works well with lightweight joint compounds or with topping compounds.
6. What type of pole sander attaches to a wet/dry vacuum to suck up most of dust from sanding?
7. Name a disadvantage to wet sanding?
8. When attaching drywall to curved surfaces use $\frac{1}{4}$ in _____ drywall for both inside and outside curves.
9. When fastening drywall to the concave side of the wall begin at the _____ of the curve .
10. After drywall has been attached to all sides of an archway, attach _____ to the outside edges.
11. If you have to use butted seams make sure to keep them away from the _____ of the wall or ceiling.
12. True or false. Ridging can occur only in butted end joints?
13. _____ or _____ layers of drywall are sometimes required for increased fire or sound protection.
14. In order to reduce sound problems a wall can be furred with a _____ channel.
15. _____ board is used in areas of high water conditions.
16. _____ nails and screws are the most common and easiest problem to repair.
17. A fastener _____ is a recessed area around the fastener head.
18. When remodeling, _____ outlet boxes heating ducts and other fixtures are often eliminated.
19. For best results when eliminating a door or window, you should cover the _____ wall with a new layer of drywall.
20. What is caused by structural movement or settling?
21. Where is water damage to drywall usually confined to?
22. The problem of _____, is where the taped seams and fasteners are visible thru the painted surface.
23. Using _____ reduces the amount of preparation time required.
24. _____ are one of the most common and easiest to apply textures.
25. It is not usually necessary to paint _____ ceiling since the texture is white.